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Analysis of Increasing the Three Pillars of Higher Education Development in Human Resources Behavior

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Abstract: Improving the guidance of Higher Education Tridarma is the main factor that must be done by lecturers in all state and private universities. The research used in this study uses a quantitative descriptive approach. Using analysis software Eviews 9 and data in this study the results of questionnaires and interviews with respondents and observations of Islamic scholars in Lamongan. The subject of this study was 270 Islamic scholars at Lamongan University, East Java, Indonesia. The results of this study increase the guidance of Tridarma Perguran Tinggi by the behavior of human resources has run quite well, proven by 44 beginner lecturer research and community service 2017/2018 obtained from Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education of Indonesia.

Keywords: teaching, research, community service, human resources behavior

I. INTRODUCTION

Tridharma Perguruan Tinggi (Three Pillars of Higher Education comprising Teaching, Research and Community Service) is an activity that must be carried out by all lecturers in Indonesia. The focus of tertiary education, both private and public, is a policy carried out by academics in academic terms, periodically proven by functional positions. The three main activities carried out are teaching where this activity is carried out in a room periodically and periodically, the second activity of research that can be required every year at least 2 and one semester 1 of research with scientific journal evidence (OJS).

Teaching in Higher education is an activity that does not need to be denied because it is a top priority to build quality and quality national life. In this activity lecturers and students are obliged to know and understand the importance of education. The more the lecturer understands the teaching function obtained, the recipient of knowledge (students) will get new information about the importance of education. On the one hand educational activities must be carried out by lecturers as educators whose function is to provide insights about their knowledge and on the other hand it is used by lecturers as evidence of functional positions according to Shee (2018); Filho (2018); and Matsuok (2018). To improve teaching in universities, research is needed.

Researching is a part of the task of the Tridarma University. In addition to teaching, the task of lecturers must also deepen their knowledge by making work to develop their knowledge. Career a lecturer must and must do research. The weight of lecturers' performance is around 25%-45%, different from that of only 25% in lecturer performance. This means that the task of lecturers to conduct research must be increased. This can be done to increase the rank of rank. Lecturer of Lamongan Islamic University has done a lot of research, it can be proven through publication journals that each year requires 2 researches. As further proof that greater evidence in 2017/2018 there were 44 lecturers' researches that received a grant from Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education of Indonesia. This further proves that the importance of research for

continuing education in tertiary institutions according to Nulhaqim (2015); Yuliawat (2012); and Murdana (2018). Higher education has an autonomous right to manage its own institution as a center for organizing higher education, scientific research and community service. In line with that, the government demands and obliges lecturers to commit themselves to research conducted by Research & Development research in the scope of Islamic University of Lamongan.

Community service is part of the Tridarma Higher Education besides teaching and research that cannot be separated from the other two darma. Support from the academic community is really needed inside ranging from lecturers, students, education staff and alumni. But outsiders are also urgently needed such as the government, sponsors and other collaborative partners. Through this activity Islamic University of Lamongan is in the midst of the community whose main purpose is useful for the nation and the State of Indonesia according to Yuliawat (2012) and developed by Shee (2018).

II. METHOD

Research methods this study uses a quantitative approach that utilizes data based on questionnaire results. The quantitative approach was chosen because this study aims to describe the Analysis of Improvement of Tridarma Higher Education Development in Behavioral Human Resources (Case Study Lecturer at Islamic University of Lamongan) while the questionnaire results presented in numerical form include averages and percentages aimed at supporting qualitative data.

Data collection techniques in this study used: (1) the questionnaire was used to obtain written answers from respondents about the Improvement Analysis University improving Tridarma Development Behavioral Human Resources (Case Study Lecturer at the Islamic University of Lamongan); (2) interviews are used to solicit data about the Improvement Analysis of improving Tridarma University Development by Behavioral Human Resources (Case Study Lecturer at the Islamic University of Lamongan); and (3) observations are used to collect data about the Analysis of Improvement Analysis of improving Tridarma University



Development by Behavioral Human Resources (Case Study Lecturer at the Islamic University of Lamongan). While the data from the questionnaire were analyzed using descriptive statistical techniques assisted with eviews 9 application.

Furthermore, the researcher organized the data between one and the other in the form of a narrative text that was adjusted between the results of the study starting from the results of the questionnaire, interview and observation which then drawn a conclusion. The subjects of this study were 270 lecturers from the Lamongan Islamic University. From the function (1) can be modified into a linear model using logs according to Gujarati (2003) and Wandi (2018) are as follows:

$$SDM = x_0 + x_1 \log EDU + x_2 \log RST + x_3 \log SVR + \epsilon_1$$
 (1)

Note:

EDU = Teaching SRT = Research

SVR = Community Service

SDM = Human Resource

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION Discussion of Data Analysis

The discussion of Analysis of Improvement of Tridarma University Development in Human Resources Behavior (Case Study Lecturer at the University of Lamongan Islamic University) The author uses the following analytical tools:

1. Validity Test

Validity test is used to measure the validity of a questionnaire. The existence of this test aims so that the data obtained can be proven scientifically. A questionnaire is said to be valid if the questions on the questionnaire are able to reveal something that will be measured by the questionnaire. How to measure the validity of calculating the correlation between the scores of each question with the total score (Ghozali, 2013). The results of testing in the validity test on the questionnaire data in the study can be seen in Table 1.

Table 1
The Result of Validity Test

No	Variable/Indicator	r _{count}	r _{table}	Information			
1	Teaching (X1)						
	Long time of devotion (X1.1)	4,68131	1,9688	Valid			
	Teaching method (X1.2)	4,64217	1,9688	Valid			
	Teaching system (X1.3)	4,65596	1,9688	Valid			
2	Research (X2)						
	Number of journal publications (X2.1)	2,67129	1,9688	Valid			
	Research grant (X2.2)	2,61687	1,9688	Valid			
	Functional position (X2.3)	2,67898	1,9688	Valid			
3	Community Service (X3)						
	The amount of devotion (X3.1)	4,70345	1,9688	Valid			
	Long time of devotion & Grant (X3.2)	4,94231	1,9688	Valid			
4	Human Resource (Y)						
	SINTA (Y.1)	2,87215	1,9688	Valid			
	Lecture (Y.2)	2,91343	1,9688	Valid			
	Google scholar (Y.3)	2,92139	1,9688	Valid			

With r_{table} at df = n-5 (270-4) and a probability of 0.05 obtained r_{table} = 1.9688 shows that all indicators used to measure variables in this study have $r_{count} > r_{table}$, meaning that all indicators are said to be valid. It can be concluded that all data in independent and dependent research are declared true and can be continued for further research.

2. Reliability Test

Reliable test results in the first study can be seen in table 2 According to Ghozali (2013) Reliability is a tool to measure a questionnaire which is an indicator of the variable. A questionnaire is said to be reliable if a person's answer to a question is consistent or stable from time to time. The reliability test is carried out jointly on all statements taken from the results of qualitative data developed with a questionnaire and coded by giving an assessment with a Likert scale and the results of the assessment if the alpha value > 0.1381 it is called reliable econometrics model for the alpha value model > 0.21424.

Based on the table above it can be concluded that shows all Cronbach's Alpha values> 0.1381. This means that all variables in this study are declared reliable so that they are declared good for the study and can be extended

to other analysis results.

Table 2 Reliability Test Result

Rcount	0,21424		
Rtable	0,1381		
Reliability	Reliable		

3. Multiple Regression Analysis

Multiple regression analysis is used to determine the effect of independent and dependent variables on the Analysis of Improvement of Tridarma University Development in Human Resource Behavior (Case Study of Lecturer at Lamongan Islamic University). In the multiple regression analysis using views version 9 the results obtained are as in Table 3.

Based on Table 3, the results of the multiple regression above can form the equation of the multiple regression model as follows:

 $Y = a + b_1X_1 + b_2X_2 + b_3X_3 + e$

 $Y = 19713.43 + 15351.98X_1 + 19370.17X_2 + 18177.21X_3$

Based on the results of the multiple regression equation above, it can be explained as follows: (1) in the



equation the constant value shows a positive value that is equal to 19713.43 which shows an appropriate relationship occurs, meaning that if all the independent variables are equal to 0, then HR (Human Resources) is 19723.43; (2) if the value of the teaching coefficient (X1) is positive, it means that the teaching variable (X1) has a positive influence on HR (Human resources) (X1) has a regression coefficient of 15351.98 and a positive sign is interpreted if the teaching variable rises by one unit it will increase HR (human resources) amounting to 15351.98; (3) if the research (X2) is positive, it means that the study has a positive influence on HR (Human resources) (Y) has a regression coefficient of 19370.17 and a positive sign is interpreted if the research variable is 19370.17; and (4) if community service (X3) is positive, it means community service (X3) is positive for HR (Human resources) (Y) has a regression coefficient value of 18177.21 and a positive sign is interpreted if the community service variable (X3) is 18177.21.

Table 3
Multiple Regression Testing Results

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Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.				
EDU	15351.98	27147.28	4.808982	0.0000				
SRT	19370.17	2764.171	82.84133	0.0000				
SVR	18177.21	32173.14	4.759937	0.0000				
C	19713.43	24780.18	5.559165	0.0000				
R-squared	0.991111	Mean dependent var		96194.87				
Adjusted R-squared	0.933765	S.D. dependent var		105065.1				
S.E. of regression	27309.67	Akaike info criterion		13.13205				
Sum squared residue	2.17E+10	Schwarz criterion		13.30267				
Log likelihood	-427.0750	Hannan-Quinn criteria		13.19327				
F-statistic	234.9368	Durbin-Watson stat		1.507619				
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000000							

Based on the results of multiple regression analysis that has a more dominant influence on the potential of the village is the visitor of the study (X2) because it has coefficients of 19370.17. Thus, it can be interpreted that the hypothesis which states the research variable (X2) has a more dominant influence on HR (Human resources) (Y). Based on table 3 above obtained the results of regression calculations that can be seen the value of the coefficient of determination) obtained from the results of R square of 0.991111.

Based on the research data that the Analysis of Improvement of Tri Darma Development of Higher Education by Behavior of Human Resources (Case Study of University Lecturer of Lamongan Islamic University), it can be explained that the improvement of Tridarma University by human resource behavior has been running quite well, as evidenced by 44 research of beginner lecturers and community service in 2017/2018 was obtained from Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education of Indonesia. Researching is a part of the task of the tri university education. In addition to teaching, the task of lecturers must also deepen their knowledge by making work to develop their knowledge. In accordance with regulation from Ministry of Empowerment os State's Apparatus and Bureaucracy Reform of Indonesia Number 17 of 2013, as a career a lecturer must and must do research.

The weight of lecturers' performance is around

25%-45%, different from that of only 25% in lecturer performance. This means that the task of lecturers to conduct research must be increased. This can be done to increase the rank of rank. Lecturer of Lamongan Islamic University has done a lot of research, it can be proven through publication journals that each year requires 2 researches. As further proof that greater evidence in 2017/2018 there were 44 lecturers' researches that received a grant from Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education of Indonesia. This further proves that the importance of research for continuing education in tertiary institutions according to Nulhaqim, Soni Akhmad, et al (2015); Yuliawat, Sri. (2012) and Murdana, Kadek Yudi. (2018). Higher education has an autonomous right to manage its own institution as a center for organizing higher education, scientific research and community service. In line with that, the government demands and obliges lecturers to commit themselves to research conducted by R&D research in the scope of Lamongan Islamic University.

IV. CONCLUSION

Participating variables (X1), research (X2), and community service (X3) play a positive role in human resources (Y). Research variable (X2) which is dominant towards increasing human resource development (Y). Cronbach's Alpha value > 0.1381. Almost all variables in this study were declared reliable so that they were stated to be good for the study and could be extended to the results of other analyzes. Increasing the development of the Tridarma University by the protection of human resources has been going quite well, as evidenced by 44 novice lecturer studies and community service in 2017/2018 obtained from Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education of Indonesia, increasingly proven to enhance an important role in research at the Islamic University of Lamongan.

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