

Public View on Political Dynamic Post 2017 Governor Election in Gampong Matang Serdang, Tanah Jambo Raya, Aceh Utara, Aceh Province

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ABSTRACT

The development and dynamic of a pluralistic society pledged a demand to increase the roles, functions, and responsibilities of political parties in a democratic life, constitutionally. Political dynamics could possibly lead into a phenomenon of people's behaviour towards the formation of the government. Post the election of the Governor of Aceh in 2012, public participation decreased drastically due to public dissatisfaction with the rights promised by the previous elected governor. This resulted in the participation of the people of Gampong Matang Serdang, who were very apathetic towards the election for governor and deputy governor and still had a very chronically pragmatic attitude. When determining their political rights and choices towards political parties, some people do not depart from a complete understanding of the meaning and function of the existence of local political parties, the vision of political parties, and the executive candidates they will elect. The choices and political attitudes of the people of Gampong Matang Serdang did not depart from critical awareness. So it is difficult for us to find people who voluntarily and consciously engage in supporting the activities that support certain political interests. Some people will also move if paid, and receive material support that makes their life happy or to some extent, able to survive. The purpose of this research is to analyze the views of the people in response to the political dynamics that occurred in Gampong Matang Serdang after the election for the Governor and Deputy Governor of 2017 and to analyze the forms of community behavior after the election for the Governor and Deputy Governor of Aceh 2017 in Gampong Matang Serdang. The method used in this paper is qualitative. The results of this study found that the form of public behavior after the election for governor can be divided into two, namely closed behavior and open behavior. After the election for governor, people's behavior is indifferent, resulting in a lack of government attention to the welfare of people who live with an adequate economy. The public is very disappointed with the wrong choice in the election that has passed. The public felt cheated by the promises made in the campaign process. The people of Gampong Matang Serdang have felt disappointing.

Keywords: Political Dynamic, Public View, Gampong Matang Serdang

1. INTRODUCTION

The dynamics and development of a pluralistic society demand an increase in the roles, functions, and responsibilities of political parties in democratic life constitutionally as a means of community political participation to realize the national ideals of the nation. Political dynamics is a description of how far the ongoing political process can reflect democratic values and accountability. Along with the passing of the 2017 elections and the decreasing electability and trust of the people in some political parties due to various cases that have befallen several functionaries and their elites such as sex scandals, discrimination, and corruption.

One of the fundamental problems in democracy in our country is that the people as holders of sovereignty have not been able to behave and act critically, rationally, and independent when involved in the political agenda. The people do not yet have the complete strength to fight back in achieving independence and freedom in actualizing and articulating their political choices.

After the election for the Governor of Aceh in 2012, public participation declined drastically due to public dissatisfaction with their rights that had been promised by the previous candidate for Governor. This happened to the people of Gampong Matang Serdang. The community was initially very apathetic to the election for Governor and Deputy Governor with the campaigns against the Governor candidates they supported, so they continued to invite citizens and their supporters to participate in the success of the 2017 Governor and Deputy Governor elections.

Awareness of the importance of democracy can be seen from the participation of the community in carrying out General Elections, both those carried out by the central government and even by local governments. This can be seen from the very high number of voters, namely the users of community voting rights in Gampong Matang Serdang, totaling 611 people, from 283 men and 328 women from the final voter list of 1,052 people, which means that the level of community participation reaches 58.1%. The participation of the people of Gampong Matang Serdang is high towards the candidates for Governor who are promoted by the Aceh Party (PA), namely 411 total people who vote reached 71.7%. The people of Gampong Matang Serdang are the base of the supporters of Muzakir Manaf (Mualem) and T.A Khalid.

According to several survey results, there are several names of candidates for Governor who are more often called as candidates for Governor who competed strongly in the election between Muzakir Manaf (Mualem) and T.A Khalid. On the other hand, there was also Irwandi - Nova who was promoted by the Aceh National Party (PNA) at that time, although other candidates also claimed to be getting the most votes. Some of the residents of Gampong Matang Serdang in the initial survey conducted by the author found that the community would vote for a candidate for Governor

who said had made policies that benefited the community. Even though there were so many supporters of the Aceh Party (PA) after the 2017 Pilgub was over and the overall election results were won by the Irwandi-Nova pair who were brought from the Aceh National Party (PNA) which is also a local party in Aceh.

Tabel 1.1 Recapitulation of Vote Acquisition Candidates for Governor / Deputy Governor of Aceh Province

No	Nama Pasangan Calon	Perolehan Suara
1	Ir. H. <u>Tarmizi A. Karim, M.Sc. dan</u> Ir. H. T. <u>Machsalmi</u> Ali, M.M.	18.50% 106 suara
2	<u>Zakaria Saman</u> Dan Ir. H. T. <u>Alaidinsyah, M.Eng</u>	3.32% 19 suara
3	Dr. Ir. H. <u>Abdullah Puteh, M.Si</u> dan <u>Sayed Mustafa Usab Al</u> <u>Idroes, SE, M.Si</u>	1.05% 6 suara
4	dr. H. <u>Zaini Abdullah dan</u> Ir. H. <u>Nasaruddin, Mm</u>	1.92% 11 suara
5	H. <u>Muzakir Manaf dan</u> Ir. H. T.A. <u>Khalid, M.M</u>	71.73% 411 suara
6	drh. H. <u>Irwandi Yusuf, M.Sc dan</u> Ir. H. Nova <u>Iriansyah, MT.</u>	3.49% 20 suara

Data Source: KIP Kabupaten Aceh Utara

Political dynamics in the community of Gampong Matang Serdang, Tanah Jambo Aye District, North Aceh Regency, most of the people still have chronic pragmatic attitudes after the post-election. The indication is that when determining their political rights and choices to political parties, some people do not depart from a complete understanding of the meaning and function of the existence of local political parties, the vision of political parties, and the executive candidates they will elect. The choices and political attitudes of the people of Gampong Matang Serdang did not depart from critical awareness. So it is difficult for us to find people who voluntarily and consciously engage in support activities that support certain political interests. Some people will also move if paid, and receive material support that makes their life happy or to some extent able to survive.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Political Behavior

Political behavior is formulated as a process of making and implementing political decisions. The activities are the government and the community (Surbakti, Ramlan, 2010, p. 167)[1]. The activities are basically divided into two, namely government functions and political functions held by the community. (Surbakti, Ramlan, 2010, p. 168) [1].

Political behavior includes internal responses such as perception, attitude, orientation and beliefs and real

actions such as voting, protest, lobbying, and so on. Political behavior is carried out by individuals or groups in order to fulfill their rights and obligations as political people. An individual or group is required by the state to perform its rights and obligations to conduct political conduct.

S.P. Varma in Muslims (2012, p. 87) [2] provides two important accounts of political behavior. First, political behavior is always value-oriented or trying to achieve goals. Values and goals are shaped in the process of political behavior, which is actually a part. Second, political behavior aims to reach the future, anticipate, relate to the past, and always pay attention to past events

In conducting a review of political behavior, three possible analytical units can be selected, namely individual political actors, political aggregation, and political personality typology. In the individual categories political actors include political actors (leaders), political activists, and individual ordinary citizens

2.2 Political Dynamics

Political dynamics (Santoso, Slamet, 2004, p.5) [3] are strongly related to the issue of participation and democracy. The issue of participation has been discussed for a long time, but it is still problematic, one of the reasons for the biased practice. When participation is interpreted as participation in the government's agenda, the medium provided is only bureaucratic mediums and planning mechanisms, aspirational networking and the like. On the one hand, researchers see the fragileness of participation mediums that want to be managed in order to institutionalize a democratic system of government, on the other hand researchers see the cultural capacity of the community to participate in the public arena is not appreciated.

2.3 Political Culture

Political culture is an attitude, belief, value, and orientation that every individual has in relation to the political system. Political culture is the distribution of special orientation patterns towards political purposes among the peoples of the nation. Political culture is a pattern of behavior of a society in the life of the state, the administration of the state, the politics of government, the law, customs, and norms of habit that are lively by all members of the community every day.

According to Budiardjo (Budiardjo, Miriam, 2007, p. 48) [4] the form of political culture in a society is influenced among others by the history of the development of the system, by the religion contained in that society, tribalism, social status, concepts of power, leadership and so on.

2.4 Regional Election (*Pilkada*)

A Regional Head Election called *Pilkada* is a mechanism to elect a leader directly by people and this system goes very well in Indonesia. *Pilkada* is an instrument which is expected by people to give born an ideal leader or regional head either in regency or province. The process of a regional election is significantly reviewed and becomes a system of liberalization-democracy in the regional or local level. The phases of regional head election is similar to a presidential election, but it is held at regional level. (Teuku Muzaffarsyah, 2020, p. 4) [5].

Janedri M. Gaffar, explains that *Pemilukada* has three important functions establish a regional government, as follows:

1. Electing a regional head based on a common will of people in region, so that it is expected to be able to understand and realize regional people's will.
2. Through a regional election, it is expected that people's preference is based missions, visions, programs, quality, and integrity of regional head candidates which will really determine the success of government in a region.
3. A regional election is an instrument of political responsibility, an evaluation and a control toward a regional heads and their supporting political powers. (Teuku Muzaffarsyah, 2020, p. 4) [5]

3. RESEARCH METHOD

This type of research used in this study is qualitatively producing descriptive data analysis in the form of written or oral words from people and observed behavior, Moleong J lexy (2012: 4) [6] This type of qualitative research uses scriptive-qualitative analysis methods, as well as qualitative exploratory. In qualitative research, in analyzing the data started since before the researchers went down the field that the initial data that the researchers found before the field jump directly to monitor the subject of the study the data was done analysis that will then be done merging and selection of data after the author finds the data in the field that then the data will be presented that then the researchers conduct a data check to be able to conclude the results of the study Data collection of this study will be done through observation activities or direct observation of the analysis object to explore the aspects of the analysis relevant and important as the basis for the analysis and interpretation to be carried out.

This research in order to obtain valid or accurate data in addition to observation, data collection will be done through indepth interview.

4. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

4.1 Public Views in Responding to Political Dynamics in Matang Serdang Village after the 2017 Governor Election

Political elements that have vital functions and have been widely accepted by the public have a kinship system in society. Its kinship and kinship solidarity system has a very important function in political parties. A strong tendency in society to defend some elements of party politics and reject political elements that come from other parties. Political behavior is generally determined by internal factors of the individual himself such as idealism, intelligence level, will of the heart and by external factors or environmental conditions such as religious, social, political, economic and so on that surround it.

In response to the political dynamics, it will be known that people's attitudes and behaviors towards every change. This understanding will be very useful to observe and understand people's attitudes in response to any political changes that occur at this time. The political dynamics of the post-election governor's society are a change of circumstances in one political party and at a time that has the aim to change in the state of the party organization for the better. Because this political dynamic is a change that is not felt only individually, then the impact of any change is also felt by all the individuals contained in the politics.

In responding to the political dynamics of aceh's 2017 gubernatorial elections won by Irwandi and Nova does not close the possibility that public behavior will be stable and safe in addressing the political dynamics that occur and the process of government under the governments of Irwandi and Nova. Some people continue to behave according to the circumstances of a political party that they support for a particular purpose. But people generally prefer their lives as usual. It has become typical human nature to maintain good and comfortable things. Public behavior in response to the political dynamics after the election of aceh governor is increasingly rational, willing to accept differences, and participate on the basis of shared awareness to build a nation and a country.

Gampong Matang Serdang's enthusiastic behavior towards a political party that provides absolute victory for every gubernatorial candidate they support. The community continues to make a new commitment to continue to generate good governance that can build and bring about changes in public behavior in response to the political dynamics that occurred after the election of aceh governor of various patterns, starting with the behavior and attitude of the people in the political process that occurred during the 2017 democratic party.

Society can no longer be lied to by promises but the public can re-participate in a democratic party simply because of the desire of the heart to prove that the public can be mutually beneficial with a candidate who is expelled from a political party.

4.2 Forms of Community Behavior After the election for the Governor of Aceh 2017 in Gampong Matang Serdang.

Gubernatorial elections are a democratic process for sitting wise leaders, so they must be done wisely without violence. The future of aceh, which is modern and Darussalam, requires a Leader who is elected in an elegant way, so that he is elected a democratic and trusting Leader. But on the contrary, every human must have behavioral actions, namely a totality of motor motion, perception and also cognitive function of humans. Political behavior in aceh governor's election is also a vote behavior. Various dynamics developed in the implementation at every stage of the election in Aceh especially in Gampong matang serdang which is the basis of the Aceh Party. During the campaign the practice of violence against his political opponents as well as the politics of money to constituents became a massive and structured phenomenon. Political dynamics are the struggles of political people who directly dabble in politics.

Bullying behavior and then turning into terror committed by certain parties is now over. In this case, when viewed from the form of public response to politics, then the behavior of society can be distinguished into two namely closed behavior and open behavior. Closed behavior is the public's response to political dynamics in a veiled or closed form. The response or reaction to this political dynamic is still limited to attention, perception, knowledge or awareness, and attitudes that occur cannot be clearly observed by others. Open behavior is the public's response to political dynamics in the form of real or open action. The response to such political dynamics is clear in the form of direct action or practice.

Political behavior is the interaction between the government and the public in the process of making and implementing political decisions. After the governor's election the behavior changed and the public no longer talked about the political issues that had involved him. The discriminatory behavior between aceh party supporters and other parties is no longer mutually discouraging and non-criminal but indifferent attitudes arise from some people towards aceh politics and parties or aceh National party that won the 2017 aceh gubernatorial election.

This form of indifferent public behavior makes the participation of the local party in Gampong mature serdang decreased further by the government's lack of attention to the welfare of people living with an

adequate economy. The public is deeply disappointed by his wrong choice in the democratic party competition that has passed. The public feels lied to by the promises uttered in the campaign process.

But some people also take advantage of the democratic party by behaving according to the rules with the desire to obtain material and pursue achievements so as to take new steps post-election to gain a share of the democratic party's results by taking the opportunity gap to pursue a new career in the work of the new government.

The form of public behavior after the election of the Governor of Aceh won by irwandi and nova couple makes many people who are indifferent to politics and the community continues to be in line with the wishes of the heart caused by the factors of the situation. The disappointing situation has been felt by the people of Gampong Matang serdang who hope whoever wins in the competition of democracy parties can build and resurrect the economy of the community and can bring the community into a universal environment.

5. CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of the research, it was concluded that the behavior of the people in response to the political dynamics after the election of the Governor of Aceh in 2017 some people continue to behave according to the circumstances of a political party that they support for a certain purpose. People's behavior in response to the political dynamics after the election of the Governor and Deputy Governor of Aceh is increasingly rational and willing to accept differences, and participate on the basis of a shared awareness to build a nation and a State to be able to feel the parallels of living in peace. The behavior of the people in response to the political dynamics that occurred after the election of the governor of Aceh is various patterns, starting with the behavior and attitude of the people in the political process that occurred during the democratic party in 2017. Society can no longer be lied to by promises but the public can re-participate in a democratic party simply because of the desire of the heart to prove that the public can be mutually beneficial with a candidate who is expelled from a political party.

The form of public behavior after the election of the governor is indifferent to politics and his party as well as the form of public response to politics, then the behavior of society can be distinguished into two namely closed behavior and open behavior. Closed behavior is the public's response to political dynamics in a veiled or closed form. The response or reaction to this political dynamic is still limited to attention, perception, knowledge or awareness, and attitudes that occur cannot be clearly observed by others. Open behavior is the

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