Ecological Innovations of Materials in Art Objects to Create a Comfortable Human Environment

Oksana Pylypchuk¹,* Olga Krivenko² Andrii Polubok³ Andrii Zapryvoda⁴ and Vitalii Zapryvoda⁵

¹ Department of Department of Design, Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture, 31 Povitroflotsky Avenue, Kyiv, 03037, Ukraine
² Department of Architectural Constructions, Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture, 31 Povitroflotsky Avenue, Kyiv, 03037, Ukraine
³ Department of Department of Design, Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture, 31 Povitroflotsky Avenue, Kyiv, 03037, Ukraine
⁴ Department of Architectural Constructions Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture, 31 Povitroflotsky Avenue, Kyiv, Ukraine, 03037
⁵ Department of Architectural Constructions Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture, 31 Povitroflotsky Avenue, Kyiv, Ukraine, 03037
*Corresponding author. Email: pylypchuk.od@knuba.edu.ua

ABSTRACT
The study developed and proposed an innovative approach based on the use of ecological materials in art objects to create a healthy and comfortable environment. As a result of the analysis of the research, the main structural characteristics of the materials were revealed. Methods for assessing the aesthetic and functional qualities of materials in the modern sphere of their rational use are analyzed. The functional possibilities of using new modern materials in fine art objects are shown. The systematization of materials used in classical forms of art and in modern trends of art has been carried out. An informational-structural model of the choice of artistic material in the creation of objects of fine art, taking into account their properties and characteristics, is proposed. Implementation of research results is shown on the example of author's works. It is proposed to use ecological innovations of materials in art objects when designing an ecological human environment.

Keywords: Design, Ecological innovations of materials, Art objects, Comfortable human environment.

1. INTRODUCTION

The restrictive measures caused by the COVID-19 pandemic have shown an urgent need to improve the comfort of the human environment. Due to the quarantine, a person is forced to stay in an enclosed space for a long time. At the same time, it should not be devoid of harmony between itself and the environment [1]. The tasks of increasing the comfort, functionality, ergonomics, environmental friendliness and aesthetics of the design of the internal environment are becoming relevant [2-3]. One of the ways to improve the psychological state of a person can be the introduction of various types of fine art into the interior. It is known that art can be a source of admiration and inspiration, evoke emotions of a different nature [4-5]. The feeling of comfort and coziness received from the perception of art improves mood, creates spiritual harmony [6-7]. This is confirmed by the modern international standards for rating certification of buildings "Building Standard WELL", aimed at improving health and improving the quality of life of people with the help of design means, and, accordingly, creating a healthy, ecological and comfortable environment for a person in interiors. In the WELL standards in the sections "Movement" and "Mind" it is indicated that the integration of works of art into various types of interiors increases the rating of a building, and is one of the conditions for reducing stress levels and improving the general health of people in interiors [8].

We must not forget that any artistic object is created with the help of certain materials. For a designer and an artist, it is also a creative material that is used to
embody a creative idea [9, 10]. In addition to the functional specifics, the material is capable of evoking certain associations, an emotional range of a different nature (for example, glossy and shiny material, when perceived, is often associated with positive emotions, and matte and dull often evokes negative emotions).

Based on the foregoing, it is relevant to develop a modern innovative approach to the use of certain artistic materials in various types of fine art, in the design of an ecological interior in order to create the desired aesthetic effect and a comfortable human environment, as well as to achieve a certain psychological and emotional state of the recipient.

### 2. THE MAIN PART OF THE RESEARCH

#### 2.1. Architectonics of Material in Art Objects

Each material has its own visual characteristics, when due to the texture, texture, color in the given environmental conditions, they produce a different impression on perception. Associated sensations are associated with the material – heat and cold, heaviness and lightness, strength, hardness and softness [11-13]. Also, the material of the surface of the object of art can create a certain optical effect, depending on the coating, quality and processing methods of the material of manufacture [14-15]. Modern science, thanks to the development of new technologies, has created a large number of materials for creativity that are new in their structure, thereby enriching the arsenal of the artist-designer. Due to the variety of properties of materials, a modern artist is free in their choice to realize its creative idea.

#### 2.2. Analysis of New Possibilities of Fine Art in Interior Design Using Innovative Materials

All materials used in the creation of various works of art differ in their purpose, composition, properties and manufacturability. In general, the term “material” refers to the original item used to make a product [16]. Intensive scientific and technological development opens up wide opportunities for innovation in various spheres of human activity, including in the visual arts, ensuring the development of new materials and technologies for the work of artists and designers.

The expansion of the qualities of the functional capabilities of new modern materials develops and complements the artistic and graphic and decorative properties of objects of fine art [17]. Innovative materials are able to enhance and enrich the artistic possibilities of the fine arts, evoking emotions of a different nature in a person. Thus, the use of new materials in art objects, in addition to the creative principle in solving form, color, tectonics, composition, carries new qualities: environmental safety, innovation, efficiency, versatility. For example, the use of fluorescent paints (self-luminous paints applied to an object of art are able to give off the accumulated light energy, increasing energy efficiency and visibility in the room [11]). Thermochromic paints are capable of changing their color, producing new unexpected effects on perception. Polymers and various types of plastics (carbon composite material consisting of graphite fiber embedded in an epoxy matrix) is a modern high-strength and at the same time lightweight material in its structure, capable of imitating various types and breeds of materials [18]. Acrylic is a type of plastic used in works of art as an alternative to natural material, provides resistance to the microclimate of the interior and time with high environmental friendliness [9]. An innovative way of printing on a 3D printer, the use of nanotechnology to create shapes that are complex in their structure, influenced the emergence of a new direction in the visual arts – nano-art [19]. (Fig. 1, a-c).

**Figure 1 (a-c).** The use of modern innovative materials in art objects to create interior spaces for various purposes.

Key to Figure 1 (a-c):

(a) – sculpture made of synthetic materials in a living space [24];

(b) – decorative architectural forms made using nanotechnology in the space of a modern museum (Shanghai Natural History Museum) [25];

(c) – paintings made with thermochromic paints in the exhibition hall [26].

Thus, innovative materials, when used in fine art objects, provide: 1) versatility – the ability to use to achieve unlimited creative possibilities; 2) multifunctionality – objects of contemporary art can combine several possibilities at once – to be a source of emotional stress, create various associations, solve utilitarian tasks (lighting, heating); 3) manufacturability – due to resistance to external influences, ensure wear resistance, durability;
4) environmental friendliness – no toxic or irritating substances, minimum level of radioactive radiation, suitable for reuse, recyclable or can be completely disposed of.

3. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

The implementation of the creative idea of artists-designers through the use of objects of fine art in interior design depends, among other things, on the surface properties of the material used and the nature of its processing. In the course of the analysis, interdisciplinary studies in various fields were studied, such as psychology of perception, art theory, restoration, chemistry and others [18, 20-23]. Methods for assessing the aesthetic and functional qualities of materials in the modern sphere of their rational use have been analyzed [10, 12, 18, 19]. The study took into account the results of the author’s practice in the field of design and the creative experience of creating various objects of fine art [24].

On the basis of theoretical analysis and practical experience, an information-structural model for the choice of artistic material for objects of fine art was developed, taking into account their properties and characteristics. The information-structural model is based on the analysis of the properties of various artistic materials for variant modeling when deciding on the possible emotional component in the perception of a fine art object in interior design.

Based on the fact that various objects of fine art are used in modern design, both traditional classical materials and innovative materials are included in the information-structural model. As a result, the following artistic performance materials were identified:

1. In painting: oil paints; acrylic, tempera, watercolor, gouache; enamel, PVA (polyvinyl acetate) water emulsion, water dispersion, silicate, mineral; encaustics, fluorescent paints and neon materials.

2. In graphics: various types of colored pencils, crayons, felt-tip pens, ink.

3. In sculpture: metal, cement, gypsum, natural stone, natural wood, ceramics (glaze, enamel, terracotta, faience, chamotte, etc.), glass, synthetic materials (various types of plastic and resins).

4. In surface decoration: colored foil (gilding, silvering, patination, etc.), paper (decoupage, papier-mâché), for inlay technique, mosaic, collage.

5. Modern technologies used in “Contemporary art”: thermochromic paints; nano-solution, polymer paste, organic resins.

The main results are presented in the information-structural model, a fragment of which see in Table 1.

Table 1. Information-structural model of decision-making in the use of fine art materials in the interior space (fragment)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executing material</th>
<th>Material texture and surface</th>
<th>Environmental friendliness and resistance of the material used to weather conditions</th>
<th>Changes in the overall hue and saturation of colors over time</th>
<th>Ways to form an emotional state from the perception of a work of art</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oil paints</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gypsum</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Traditional Materials of Classic Art

- Tradition, variety in the possibilities for the depiction of form and the transfer of color and tone.
- Feeling of solemnity when perceived.
- Environmental friendliness, plasticity, the creation of any art forms that aesthetically affect perception.

The choice of material regarding the creative concept, execution technique, functional tasks, as well as the structural model, a fragment of which see in Table 1.
Table 1, cont

| Innovative Materials of Contemporary Art | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | + | - | Ability to simulate materials of various structures. Unlimited creative experimentation and emotional impact |
| Organic resins | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | + | - | Modeling new complex forms that are impossible in traditional materials, unlimited emotional impact |
| Nano-solution | + | + | + | + | + | + | - | + | - | Energy saving opportunities. Creation of various effects and illusions that emotionally affect perception |
| Thermochromic paints | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | Plasticity, high strength, a large number of execution techniques in creating a variety of decorative forms for different emotional impact |
| Polymer paste | + | - | + | + | + | + | - | - | + | Environmentally friendly and safety, durability of the materials used, practicality for a residential interior; |

On the basis of the developed and instrumental variant model, artistic compositions were introduced and implemented in interiors for various purposes (Fig. 2, a-e).

Figure 2 (a-e). Realization of objects of fine art, which were developed and executed by the authors (artist-designer – O. Pylypchuk, sculptor – A. Polubok [24]), based on the research presented in the article.

Key to Figure 1 (a-e):

(a) – wall relief made of plaster tinted with an acrylic-based composite material. The semi-matt shine of the coating does not destroy the relief shape, but reveals it, at the same time producing a positive emotional effect in the complex compositional solution of this interior. Environmental friendliness and safety, durability of the materials used, practicality for a residential interior;

(c, d) – a sculptural composition made of epoxy resin with the addition of a colored pigment. The glossy shine of the material and the brightness of the color have a positive effect on the recipient in a complex solution of this interior. The manufacturability of modern material makes the sculpture durable for use in public interiors;

(e) – decorating pharmacy furniture using decoupage technique. The use of environmentally friendly materials does not contradict the hygienic standards of the premises and brings harmony to the overall composition, creating a positive mood among the visitors of the pharmacy;

(b, e) – compositional arrangement of a visual art object in the interior space. In addition to fulfilling the aesthetic utilitarian function of an artistic object, it is subordinated to the general complex spatial solution and the figurative idea of the entire interior.

Thus, the structural characteristics of the material used in the objects of fine art included in the interior space determine their aesthetic and functional qualities.
4. DISCUSSION

Modern interior design associates the use of contemporary art with solving the problem of creating an ecological internal environment, its aesthetics and functionality, where one of the main aggregate elements is the use of objects of fine art [3, 6–8]. New stylistic directions associated with the development of the latest technologies are relevant. A significant number of studies have been devoted to these issues [12, 28]. But, unfortunately, to date, systemic studies on the problem of creating an ecological interior with the desired aesthetic effect using artistic materials for a comfortable human environment are insufficiently developed. Accordingly, the innovative design approach proposed in the article is promising.

5. CONCLUSIONS

Artistic material in fine art objects is able to indirectly participate in solving various problems of designing internal space and aesthetic perception of the environment around a person. It is also a factor in achieving artistic expressiveness, imagery when solving aesthetic, stylistic, and thematic tasks, setting the appropriate emotional load in accordance with the creative concept in interior design.

The developed and proposed information-structural model can serve as the basis for a conscious choice of artistic material for objects of fine art, taking into account their properties and characteristics to improve the aesthetic, emotional and functional qualities of interior design in accordance with modern needs and human living conditions.

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