

Research on Automatic Programming Methods of CNC Machining Parameters of Gear

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Abstract-analysis tool axis and workpiece axis motion relation principle of gear hobbing and synchronous control, interface input using the key parameter, the realization of programming automatically parameters of CNC system, the parameter programming method were discussed. Application is able to simplify the processing procedures, shortening the processing time of programming, improve processing efficiency on special occasions.

Keyword- gear; NC machining; parameter; automatic programming method

I. INTRODUCTION

Gear transmission is one of the main ways of the machine movement and power transmission, it is widely used in all kinds of mechanical equipment and instruments. But in gear machining, cutting method as the domestic and foreign application of hobbing most widely, is decided by its steady processing, good anti vibration characteristics. The number of moving coordinate axis hobbing machine, the linkage relation is very complex, the machining process and the gear is to keep dividing in the workpiece and tool case synchronously generating motion and complete, is a complex process. The NC system of gear hobbing machine, different motion axis of machine tool of numerical control, so that between the corresponding coordinates with linkage relationship.[2][6]

In actual processing, due to the movement of the complex relationship, hobbing is divided into a plurality of step to finish machining process, so the programming method of cutter locations often procedure based on the large amount of. But because of the different characteristics of simple processing gear, gear between the process is similar, can realize the parametric programming. That is, with a few parameters of gear machining feature representation, processing program for gear hobbing requirements so as to automatically build.[1][6][10]

II. THE ANALYSIS OF PARAMETERIZED PROGRAMMING GEAR NC MACHINING

The principle of gear hobbing is cutting by generating method of. Rotary motion hob with cutting groove and the spiral angle of the hypothetical linear movement, the workpiece according to hob helix angle, the direction of rotation is in accordance with the provisions of the method for rotary movement. Therefore, gear hobbing machine hob and table in addition to rotating exhibition into motion, the general must also have the axial feed motion, radial feed motion and

tangential feed movement. Among them, the rolling key tooth machine control is the synchronization between the workpiece and the spindle shaft: hob turned a turn, the workpiece is just turned a tooth. The typical five axis hobbing machine. The control shaft is respectively: X axial - radial feeding movement; Y axis - tangential feed movement; the Z shaft axial feed motion; B shaft hob rotary motion; the C axis rotary table a motion-. Y axis control gear circumferential surface of the axis of motion, is actually moving direction by generating motion is imaginary rack; the Z axis is the axis of motion control of tooth thickness; B axis is the hob rotating axis of motion control; C axis is the control shaft rotary motion worktable, is mainly used to control the angle of installation angle and bevel gear machining.[5]

Gear structure is complex, but its shape is generated by certain rules. As long as you know the general cylindrical gear modulus m , pressure angle, addendum coefficient h_a^* , radial clearance coefficient c^* and tooth number Z , other parameters can be determined from table 1.[8]

TABLE I. GEAR PARAMETER CONVERSION FORMULA.

The name	Symbol	Formula
pitch diameter; standard pitch diameter	d	$d = mz$
base circle diameter (BCD); base diameter	d_b	$d_b = d \cos \alpha$
tip diameter	d_a	$d_a = (Z + 2h_a^*)m$
root diameter	d_f	$d_f = (Z - 2h_a^* - c^*)m$
Tooth addendum; tooth head; addendum	h_a	$h_a = h_a^*m$
dedendum	h_f	$h_f = (h_a^* + c^*)m$
whole depth	h	$h = h_a + h_f = (2h_a^* + c^*)m$
Tooth pitch	p	$p = m\pi$
space width	e	$e = m\pi/2$
Tooth thickness	s	$s = m\pi/2$

Because the gear processing characteristics, CNC system for hobbing machine programming and common milling CNC system is completely different. Gear machining is not convenient to directly describe the processing path, if the input gear hob parameters, tool parameters, special gear to input data of gear, and the gear machining process according to the input data, and then by the CNC system is calculated and converted

to a coordinate axis movement of the program, which will direct than on gear processing knife site programming convenient and simple. This is the parameter automatic programming.[3]

The specific parameters and the meaning of gear parametric automatic programming required as shown in table 2:[9]

TABLE II. GEAR PARAMETRIC PROGRAMMING REQUIRED PARAMETERS.

tool parameter	gear parameters	The tooth profile parameters	Process data
Modulus	lead angle	Bone shaped inner diameter	Finish machining allowance
pressure angle	tooth width	Addendum angle	Cutting times
Cutter diameter	Outside diameter of gear blank	Root angle	Rough machining speed
The number of cutter head	number of teeth	Machining speed
.....	whole depth		Radial feed speed
		Installation Base Surface
		

Thus, as long as the determination of parameters of basic, other related dimensions can be calculated according to the formula of processing, so the parametric processing is feasible for gear. As long as the parameters of the interface input processing required parameters, can be calculated by the numerical control system and the automatic generation of machining program. Therefore, the parameters of NC programming is of universal significance to analyze and conclude the promotion, as long as the product machining and programming ideas, to establish its model, so as to realize the parametric programming. It is suitable for special parts processing.[4][7]

III. ANALYSIS OF CONTROL CNC GEAR HOBBIING MOVEMENT

Hobbing is by a pair of gears of the same modulus and pressure angle are engaged with each other, according to the principle of conjugate tooth profile of gear cutting enveloping each other to. Hobbing hob and gear blank, pure rolling in the day round place, the envelope can be tooth profile hob is involute tooth profile of gear machining. Can also be hob rotary motion is equivalent to the rack moves through the rack and the gear blank, meshing motion realization of gear hobbing. By a coordinate transformation that in coordinate system O -xY Z hob, if moving a distance L, in the O -x Y Z gear blank gear coordinate rotation angle. Because of the hob and gear blank pure rolling do on the pitch circle, then there is a relation between the $=L/r$. When different L values, can rotate with different angles. Thus, when used as a hob rack to move forward, leaving a series of specific location in the path, thus formed the tooth profile lines enveloping graph is the gear blank. As shown in figure 1.

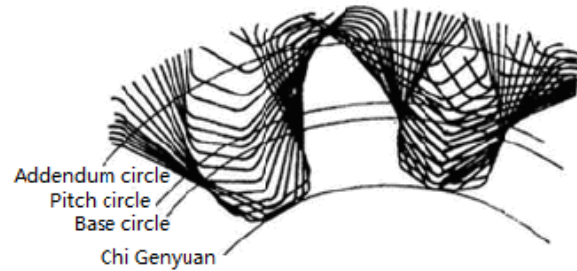


FIGURE I. HOBBIING TOOTH PROFILE ENVELOPE.

IV. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE ROLLING MOTION GEAR MACHINING IS DERIVED

Because the traditional hobbing machine for machining error response time lag, there are large, the current model hobbing system, using double driven synchronous control method to realize synchronous motion control of axis, it adopts phase locked servo high precision synchronous precision control, high precision, fast response speed. How to put the relationship between tooth movement into movement relationship of equivalent rack gear machining, is the key to the movement of NC machining. Hob speed (r/min) to n rotation, equivalent to the rack at a speed of V (mm/min) mobile. A hob rotates one circle time used for T, there are:

$$n_{knife} t = 2\pi \quad (1)$$

At this time, the equivalent of the rack to move forward a pitch P:

$$P = \pi \quad (2)$$

According to the pitch of the size definition:

$$P = m \pi \quad (3)$$

From the above relations, can launch hob speed (r/min) and V (mm/min rack rate) relationship:

$$V = m / 2 n_{knife} \quad (4)$$

By (1) to (4) may be introduced in hobbing movement, the relationship between hob shift knife every forward step and gear blank rotation angle as required:

$$\theta_{work} = \frac{n_{knife}}{Z_{work}} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = \frac{2\pi}{v} \cdot p \cdot \frac{1}{Z_{work}} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = \frac{360 \cdot m \cdot \pi}{Step_{knife} \cdot Z_{work}}$$

In the roll cutting, radial feed is ensured by means of two times the amount of feed. The first rough cut out most of the tooth height, can according to the gear size to the processing of the determined. Second finishing is based on the first processing, according to the measure for the first time after rough machining of gear common normal length 1W, to determine the second times the amount of feed h:

$$\Delta h = \frac{W_1 - W}{2 \sin \alpha}$$

Compute the motion relationship between the radial and axial direction of the hob and gear blanks, position change can be programmed to calculate each moment. The motion state is

continuous, it can put the gear hobbing movement continuous discrete representation.[10]

V. CONCLUSION

Gear tooth surface NC processing must be carried out by computer aided, according to the tooth surface of the digital data, the automatic generation of NC code corresponding to the tool parameters and installation parameters. We analyzed the roll key movement in gear processing, generating motion and its decomposition into the relationship between the two synchronous shaft. So as long as the given conjugate generating motion corresponding to get another generating motion of the generating NC code.

To realize the parameterized hobbing programming, depends on the compiler can complete the programming function, namely according to the workpiece, the tool data, process data and related parameters of cutting machine to automatically generate G code function. Automatic programming to the operator for processing through the processing parameters of gear control panel input, NC machining program of gear machining CNC system can identify and automatically, to simplify the process of the operator's operation.

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