Study on the Fairness of the Distribution of Income in the Present Stage at Vision Field of Marx's Theory of Distribution

Xia Ou'Yang^{1,a}, Yi-Jian Li^{1,b,*}

¹Marxism College, East China Institute of Technology, Jiangxi Fuzhou 344000, China ^axouyang@ecit.cn, ^b179084209@qq.com

*Corresponding author

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Abstract. Income distribution is not only an economic problem which influences the efficiency of the production, but also a political problem regarding the relationship between the social harmony and stability. Income distribution problem plays a decisive role in the country's socioeconomic development, especially when China is in the deepwater area of the reform transitional period currently. That if the problem of income distribution can be solved is directly related to the sustainable development of social economy. And the current problem of income distribution lies in fairness in distribution. Based on the theory of Marx's income distribution perspective, I analyze the present situation of the current income distribution in our country. And it is concluded an enlightenment that Marx's income distribution theory can solve the fair income distribution in our country.

Introduction

Since the start of reforms and opening, our country's social and economic development have led to a significant improvement in people's living standards which have rised continuously. At the same time, the gap between rich and poor between social members has presented the trend of widening. So, the problem of income distribution has been thought highly of by scholars. The Eighteenth National Congress of the CPC, "Try to achieve that residents' income growth keeps the same pace with economic development. Labor remuneration growth keeps the same pace with the improvement of labor productivity. Raise the proportion of household income in the national income distribution. Raise the proportion of labor remuneration in primary distribution. Primary distribution and redistribution should be both efficiency and fairness. Pay more attention to fairness in redistribution." [1]That the discussing about "two synchronization, two improvement" and the clarifying about the fair income distribution of Eighteenth National Congress implied that the problem of fair income distribution needs further research and analysis under the new situation. This article is based on Marx's theory of income distribution perspective study of fair income distribution at present stage.

Marx's Theory of Fair Income Distribution

First, equitable income distribution is relative. Marx thoughts that equitable income distribution is relative. In different historical stages class and stratum, distributive justice is different. That means fair income distribution has historical stipulation.

Second, reasonable income gap that individual talent and the ability to work, but it does not recognize the class difference. Marx pointed out: "a man is better than another person on the physical and mental, therefore at the same time provide more labor, or be able to work a longer time. And labor, as a measure to use, must be in accordance with the time or strength to determine it, otherwise it will not be dimensions. The equal rights is not equal rights to different labor. It does not recognize any class difference, because everyone is just a worker like anyone else. But it's different default worker such as personal gift. Thus different such as the ability to work, is a natural privilege[2]. So, Marx's theory of fair income distribution acknowledges reasonable income gap

between the pattern of income distribution. The reasonable income gap can motivate workers work enthusiasm, improve the efficiency of resource configuration, improve the economic output.

Third, acknowledge fair in form and unfair in fact. Fair refers to the society according to be accepted in the form of labor time and intensity of labor to obtain the corresponding share of the products of society. But each person is different on the rest after spending the income because of the family structure is different, which caused the unfair in fact, the final result of unfair income distribution.

Fourth, the fairness of income distribution results mainly comes from the production conditions of fair distribution . "Consumption data of any kind of allocation is the result of the distribution of production conditions of itself; and the distribution of the production conditions, is the nature of the mode of production itself."[3] Share of production conditions or different factors, will lead to the unfair income distribution

The Current Situation of the Income Distribution at Present Stage

The urban and rural residents' income gap is large

According to the data of national bureau of statistics released on January 20, 2014. China's per capita disposable income of urban residents was 26955 yuan in 2013. Rural residents' net income is for 8896 yuan. Urban and rural residents income ratio is 3.03:1. Income gap between urban and rural residents remains in more than three times.

Income Distribution is not Fair Between Regions

The current situation of residents income in our country trends of "east west high low." It is analysised from Table 1, four main urban residents disposable income: the four area of urban residents per capita disposable income of the highest in eastern region of 32427.92 yuan in 2013, 9779.53 yuan more than the minimum area in the western region of 22648.39 yuan. Income gap of two large area of urban residents per capital disposable is 9021.39 yuan and 8246.64 yuan in 2012 and 2011. Income gap is widening.

AREA The eastern The central The western The northeast 2013(YUAN) 32427.92 22732.68 22648.39 22836.55 2012(YUAN) 29621.57 20697.24 20600.18 20759.30 2011(YUAN) 26406.04 18323.16 18159.40 18301.31

Tab. 1 The four regions per capita disposable income of urban residents.

Source: China statistical yearbook 2012, 2013.

From Table 2 about four large area per capita net income of rural residents, the regional income has increased each year, but the highest is still the eastern region, and the lowest is the western region.

Tab. 2 The per capita net income of rural residents in four regions.

AREA	The eastern	The central	The western	The northeast
2013(YUAN)	11794.09	8363.20	6855.09	9932.68
2012(YUAN)	10817.48	7435.24	6026.61	8846.49
2011(YUAN)	9585.04	6529.93	5246.75	7790.64

Source: China statistical yearbook 2012, 2013.

The Income Gap Between Different Industries is Too Large

Basically, department of industry in our country can be classified as monopoly industry and competitive industry. Power supply, water conservancy, mining, metallurgy, railway, etc are very high degree of monopoly industry, some even are state monopoly for a long time. Average wage of monopoly industries is higher than other industries.

Enlightenment from the distribution theory of Marx to solve the fair income distribution in China at the present stage

We Should Treat Objectively the Phenomenon of Unfair Distribution in Our Country at Present.

Marx thought that fair income distribution have relativity. In different historical stages, and for different class or stratum, distributive justice is different. In face of the current status of the unfair income distribution in our country, we should also use the history and relative perspective. We should admit that the problem is already existed objectively, and we also should put it in the specific stage of social development to examine. In the stage of market economy system in our country has not yet been completely, the economic system still need to be shunted. On the whole, the income gap appeared in the process is inevitable phenomenon in the process of market economy, and is conform to the law of development of market economy.

Vigorously Develop the Productive Forces, Provide Material Basis for Fair Distribution Results

According to Marx's theory of fair income distribution, the realization of fair degree depends on the development level of productivity. The development of productive forces is the material basis for the common prosperity. Speed up the progress of productivity, promote the development of social economy is the basic way to easing social unfair distribution and narrowing the income gap. Solving the problem of unfair distribution, cannot be used to eliminate or restrict legitimate way to getting rich, and only can rely on efforts to develop economy. We must pay attention to distinguish pursue fairness and social justice with sacrificing efficiency for fair.

To Make Full Use of the Redistribution of Balance Function, and Improve the Situation of Unfair Distribution

In primary distribution, the government should perfect the market order, put an end to illegal income, and curb abnormal earnings. At the same time, it should establish an effective minimum wage growth mechanism and payment guarantee mechanism, to ensure the reasonable and effective growth of income and labor compensation. About redistribution, through the establishment of reasonable transfer payment mechanism, it provides proper life safeguard for the lack of labor ability of the disadvantaged groups. Put education resources to all location in different areas, and improve the population quality of human capital and intellectual capital in backward area, to improve the unfair income distribution in the root. Set up wide coverage, diversified levels of social security system, to make up for the unjust distribution of income of unreasonable income gap.

To Promote State-owned Enterprise Reform, Eliminate The Industry Monopoly

Enterprise is the main body of market economic activity. Eliminating the connection between the government and the state-owned enterprises fundamentally is the key to establish a reasonable order of income distribution. Countries should gradually reduce stakes in state-owned enterprises, to the social capital control, with the aim to develop benefit the modernization of large enterprises, to reform the current state-owned enterprise. Break the monopoly of state-owned enterprises in the industry, and increase the intensity of anti monopoly, and introduce market competition mechanism, and establish a healthy and orderly competition environment. Government must set up modern enterprise management concept, carried out in accordance with the modern enterprise management mode of management.

Summary

Based on the perspective of Marx's theory of distribution, we found that our country is still in the primary stage of socialism, with the influence of the current level of development of productive forces, the income distribution also has certain problem. Because the fair income distribution has relativity and historical stipulation, along with our country economy level is increasing day by day,

the gap will be more and more small .We should look at the problems existing in the current income distribution in our country objectively. And take effective measures to coordinate the income distribution problems, promote the improvement of people's living standards under the guide of Marx's theory of fair income distribution. This is the right attitude what we should hold the on this question .

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