Study on lamp-layout scheme of highway tunnel lighting based on DIALux

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Abstract: Aiming at the traffic safety and comfort issues of the tunnel lighting system, In this paper, taking the case of ChiBai Tunnel in Tonghua of Jilin Province and HeDa Expressway ShiDao-YangCha tunnel, different installation methods, installation height, installation angle, and different combination of lighting power and the installation space with the same power in unit length are simulated by using DIALux software. Through the comparison and analysis of average road surface illumination and the evenness data obtained from two tunnel simulation tests, it can find out the best scheme of the tunnel lighting, to provide reference for reasonable design and configuration of tunnel lighting.

Introduction

In order to ensure the visual demand of drivers in the tunnel, the brightness of the tunnel is regulations in "Rules Highway Tunnel Lighting needed.According to the of Design"(JTG/TD70/2-01-2014) released in July 2014 by the department of transportation^[1], the tunnel with a length of more than 100m should be equipped with lighting facilities, and highway tunnel lighting design should be incorporated into the overall design of the tunnel. Tunnel lighting directly affects the safety and energy conservation of tunnel operation ,making the design of tunnel lighting system become an important part of highway tunnel design.

In highway tunnel lighting design, we need to calculate the tunnel surface illumination and evenness of the tunnel entrance section, transition section, middle section and exit section, to determine the optimal lamp-layout mode in each tunnel section. In order to solve the calculation problem of the tunnel lighting system, DIALux software is selected as the lighting simulation software to simulate the tunnel lighting space. The software has been widely used in the design of the tunnel lighting system in many papers, which is easy to operate and can test accurately, providing a great help in the early design of the tunnel lighting^[2-4]. The tunnel lighting design of ChiBai Tunnel in Tonghua of Jilin Province and HeDa Expressway ShiDao-YangCha tunnel are respectively respectively simulated, analysising and comparing the results data of lighting installation mode, installation height, installation angle and combination of lighting power and the installation space with the same power in unit length, to get the best project of lighting installation.

Tunnel Lighting Simulation Model

We select the middle section of ChiBai Tunnel in Tonghua of Jilin Province and the entrance section of HeDa Expressway ShiDao-YangCha tunnel to make a simulation. Where in the middle section of ChiBai tunnel is 78 m long, 10.5m wide and 7.45m high. The entrance section of ShiDao-YangCha tunnel model is 48m long, 10.5m wide and 5m high. We adopt LED lamp and HPS(high pressure sodium) lamp. The rate power of the LED lamp is 180W, the real power is 182.5W.The whole lights' luminous flux is 15520 lm. The rate power of the HPS lamp is 420W, the real power is 429.9W. The whole lights' luminous flux is 30845 lm.The distribution curve flux of the lamp is shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. The light distribution of C0-180 and C90-270 is axial symmetry with the light.We adopt the DIALux as simulation software. The software adopts Global

illumination algorithm^[5].In the software, we establish the space model of the tunnel. The inner surface is made of cement material, the albedo is 30%.The computing models are shown as Figure 3 and Figure 4. The width of the two tunnel model is same. The length and height, the lamp types and the combination of lamps with different power is different.Where in the lamps arrangement in the basic section of ChiBai tunnel model is easy,the lamps arrangement in theShiDao-YangCha tunnel entrance section is complicated.

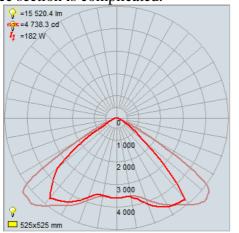


Figure 1 The distribution curve flux of LED lamp

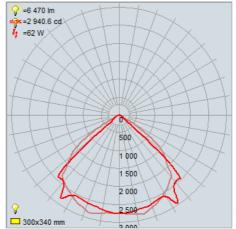


Figure 2 The distribution curve flux of HPS lamp



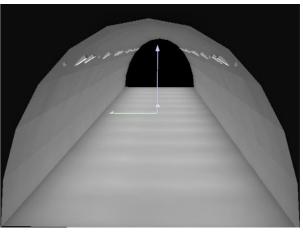


Figure 3 Modle of the middle section of ChiBai Tunnel

Figure 4 Modle of the entrance section of HeDa Expressway ShiDao-YangCha tunnel

Figure 5 and Figure 6 show the pseudo color image in the better situation and worse situation of the Lamps and lanterns setting illumination respectively.

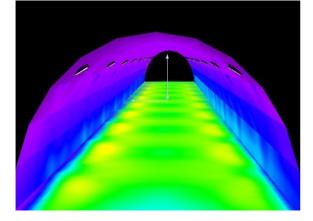


Figure 5 Simulation of pseudo color image with better lighting effect

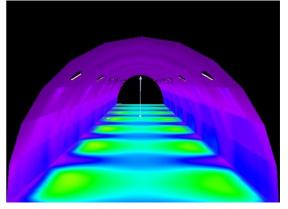


Figure 6 Simulation of pseudo color image with worse lighting effect

The Effect of Lighting Arrangement in Tunnel Lighting

According tunnel lighting specification, three commonly used lighting arrangements are bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement, bilateral staggered lighting arrangement and midline lighting arrangement. Some tunnel engineering also adopt the way of bias lighting arrangement, such as Tunnel 1 in TeiFeng from WanZhou in ChongQing to KaiXian on the highway which achieved good energy saving effect^{[6].} This article made a research on simulation analysis for the three lighting arrangements in the specification.

According specification, basic lighting luminance of ChiBai Tunnel is to be achieved 2.5 cd/m². Simulation experiment shows that the luminance can be achieved by bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement with a 10m interval or midline lighting arrangement with a 5m interval. Thus, ways of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement and bilateral staggered lighting arrangement both need 16 LED lamps with 30W while the way of midline lighting arrangement needs 16 LED lamps with 30W. The installation angle of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement and bilateral staggered lighting arrangement is 30° . Due to a slight gap because of different mesh length, in order to reduce error, we adopt different mesh length to compute, including 30m, 45m, 60m, 75m. The width and length of grid point is respectively 0.1666m and 0.609m. The effect of the three lighting arrangement is showed in the table 1-3.

calculation network length /m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
30	33	22	44	0.66	2.84
45	33	22	44	0.66	2.84
50	33	22	44	0.66	2.84
78	32	15	44	0.48	2.75

Table1 The effect of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement in tunnel lighting

calculation network length /m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
30	33	20	44	0.62	2.84
45	33	20	44	0.62	2.84
50	33	16	44	0.50	2.84
78	32	7.02	44	0.22	2.75

Table2 The effect of bilateral staggered lighting arrangement in tunnel lighting

Table3 The effect of midline lighting arrangement in tunnel lighting

calculation network length /m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
30	31	28	32	0.92	2.66
45	31	28	32	0.92	2.66
50	31	28	32	0.91	2.66
78	29	15	32	0.52	2.49

From the simulation results, uniformity of luminance is the highest in the way of midline lighting arrangement, followed by the way of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement; Road luminance is substantially equal by the bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement and bilateral staggered lighting arrangement, followed by the way of midline lighting arrangement.

The model of entrance region 1 in ShiDao-YangCha Tunnel can be achieved basic luminance by

30W LED lights with a 12m interval. It can be achieved 105 cd/m^2 with 180W LED lights with a 8m interval and 400W HPS with a 4m interval. There are different mesh length, including 18m, 28m, 38m, 48m. The width and length of grid point is respectively 0.183m and 0.374m. Among them, it adopts 8 LED lights with 30W, 12 LED lights with 180W and 24 HPS lights with 400W by the way of bilateral symmetry cloth lamp; 7 LED lights with 30W, 11 LED lights with 180W and 23 HPS lights with 400W by the way of bilateral staggered cloth lamp; 8 LED lights with 30W, 12 LED lights with 180W and 24 HPS lights with 400W by the way of midline cloth lamp. Mounting height and angle of bilateral symmetry cloth lamp and bilateral staggered cloth lamp is respectively 4m and 25° . Table4 Effect of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement to the Tunnel

calculation network length /m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
18	1336	557	1761	0.42	114.8
28	1327	539	1761	0.41	113.4
38	1320	500	1764	0.38	113.4
48	1260	256	1761	0.20	108.3

Table5 Effect of bilateral staggered lighting arrangement to the Tunnel

calculation	average surface	minimum	maximum	auannaaa	average
network length /m	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
18	1337	546	1779	0.41	114.9
28	1331	544	1779	0.41	114.4
38	1312	462	1775	0.35	112.7
48	1217	205	1779	0.17	104.5

Table6 Effect of midline lighting arrangement to the Tunnel

calculation network length /m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
18	1348	632	1996	0.47	155.8
28	1346	622	1996	0.46	155.7
38	1333	541	1995	0.41	114.5
48	1263	289	1996	0.23	108.5

From the simulation results, uniformity of luminance is the highest in the way of midline lighting arrangement, followed by the way of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement; Road luminance is the highest by the way of midline lighting arrangement, followed by the way of bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement.

By comparing simulation results of ChiBaiTunnel with Tunnel ShiDaoYangCha's, it shows that the height and the complexity of lighting combinations are different from each other because of different tunnel models, so they are suitable for different lighting arrangement. Thus, we can find suitable lighting arrangement by camparing luminance and uniformity of luminance when using Dialux software to simulate different tunnels. In addition, the selection of lighting arrangement is not only aiming at lighting effect, but also maintenance, stroboscopic and induction problems. Thus, in practical applications, in conformity with the lighting requirements, in order to choose suitbale lighting arrangement, lighting effect, energy-saving effect of lighting arrangement and the actual

needs of the tunnel environment should be comprehensively considered.

The Effect of Lighting Installation Location in Tunnel Lighting

The effect of installation height in tunnel lighting

ChiBai tunnel middle segment model is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement, mounting angle is 30° , using 16 lamps of 30W LED (spacing 10m). Tables 7 and 8, respectively, indicates the effect of different installation height when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m.

installation	average surface	minimum	maximum	evenness	average
height/m	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux		brightness/cd/m ²
4	33	11	61	0.32	2.84
5	32	15	44	0.48	2.75
5.5	31	16	39	0.50	2.66
6	31	15	36	0.48	2.66
6.5	30	14	36	0.48	2.58
7	30	12	38	0.41	2.58

Table7 The effect of installation height for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 78m

Table8 The effect of installation height for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 30m

installation	average surface	minimum	maximum		average
height/m	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
4	34	15	60	0.43	2.92
5	33	22	44	0.66	2.84
5.5	32	25	39	0.76	2.75
6	32	25	36	0.79	2.75
6.5	32	25	36	0.8	2.75
7	31	20	38	0.66	2.66

The model of entrance region 1 in the ShiDao-YangCha Tunnel is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement ,mounting angle is 25°, using 8 lamps of 30W LED(spacing 12m), 12 lamps 180W LED(spacing 8m), 24 lamps 400W HPS lamp(spacing 4m). Tables 9 and 10, respectively, indicates the effect of different installation height when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m.

Table9 The effect of installation height for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 48m

installation	average surface	minimum	maximum		average
height/m	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
2.5	1330	199	2834	0.15	114.4
3	1313	224	2142	0.17	112.8
3.5	1288	245	1799	0.19	110.7
4	1263	256	1761	0.20	108.5
4.5	1222	247	1929	0.20	105.0

installation height/m	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
2.5	1377	650	2834	0.47	118.4
3	1365	629	2142	0.46	117.3
3.5	1345	607	1799	0.45	115.6
4	1326	539	1761	0.41	114.0
4.5	1289	494	1929	0.38	110.8

Table10 The effect of installation height for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 30m

From the simulation results, the lower of the installation height, the greater the average luminance is, and the uniformity has a different trend with different tunnel model, complexity of the lighting design, and computing grids.

The effect of mounting angle in tunnel lighting

ChiBai tunnel middle segment model is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement, installation height is 5m, using 16 lamps of 30W LED (spacing 10m). Tables 11 and 12, respectively, indicates the effect of different mounting angle when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m.

installation angle/°	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
15	32	19	39	0.6	2.75
20	32	19	41	0.58	2.75
25	32	17	42	0.54	2.75
30	32	15	44	0.48	2.75
45	31	8.2	44	0.27	2.66
50	30	6.69	44	0.22	2.58

Table11 The effect of mounting angle for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 78m

Table12 The effect of mounting angle for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of of 30m

installation angle/°	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m ²
15	33	26	38	0.81	2.84
20	33	26	41	0.78	2.84
25	33	24	42	0.73	2.84
30	33	22	44	0.66	2.84
45	32	14	44	0.44	2.75
50	31	13	44	0.43	2.66

The model of entrance region 1 in the ShiDao-YangCha Tunnel is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangements, installation height is 4m, using 8 lamps of 30W LED (spacing 12m), 12 lamps of 180W LED (Spacing 8m), 24 lamps of 400W HPS lamp(spacing 4m). Tables 13 and 14, respectively, indicates the effect of different mounting angle when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m.

installation	average surface	minimum	maximum	auannaaa	average
angle/°	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
15	1289	309	1734	0.24	110.8
20	1285	286	1752	0.22	110.4
25	1263	256	1761	0.20	108.5
30	1227	228	1766	0.19	105.5
45	1077	175	1770	0.16	92.6
50	1018	172	1745	0.17	87.5

Table13 The effect of mounting angle for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of of 48m

Table14 The effect of mounting angle for tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of of 30m

installation	average surface	minimum	maximum		average
angle/°	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
15	1351	715	1734	0.53	116.1
20	1347	634	1752	0.47	115.8
25	1326	539	1761	0.47	114.0
30	1290	470	1766	0.36	110.9
45	1136	365	1770	0.32	97.6
50	1076	363	1745	0.34	92.5

From the simulation results, the smaller of the mounting angle, the greater the average luminance is, and the uniformity substantially is also better.

The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel lighting

ChiBai tunnel middle segment model is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement, installation height is 5m, mounting angle is 30° . Comparing the lighting effect of the different combinations when the lamp power is 30W, the spacing is 10m and when the lamp power is 60W, spacing is 5m. Tables 15 and 16, respectively, indicates the effect of different combinations of power and distance when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m.

Table15 The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 78m

lamp power/W	Lamp number	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m 2
30	16	32	15	44	0.48	2.75
60	8	33	4.97	76	0.15	2.84

lighting with a calculation network length of 30m								
lamp power/W	Lamp number	average surface illumination/lux	minimum illumination /lux	maximum illumination/lux	evenness	average brightness/cd/m 2		
30	16	33	22	44	0.66	2.84		
60	8	39	8.8	77	0.23	3.35		

 Table16 The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel
 lighting with a calculation network length of 30m

The model of entrance region 1 in the ShiDao-YangCha Tunnel is designed with bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement, installation height is 4m, mounting angle is 25°. Comparing the lighting effect of using 8 lamps of 30W LED(Spacing 12m) and using 4 lamps of 60W LED (Spacing 4m). Additionally, both is equipped with 12 lamps of 180W LED (Spacing 8m) and 24 lamps of 400W HPS lamps (spacing 4m). Tables 15 and 16, respectively, indicates the effect of different combinations of power and distance when selecting calculation network length of 78m and 30m. Table17 The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel

Table 17 The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 48m

lamp	Lamp	average surface	minimum	maximum	evenness	average
power/W	number	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux		brightness/cd/m ²
30	8	1263	256	1761	0.203	108.5
60	4	1265	252	1786	0.199	108.7

Table18 The effect of different combinations of power and space under a same power in a unit pitch length in tunnel lighting with a calculation network length of 30m

lamp	Lamp	average surface	minimum	maximum		average
power/W	number	illumination/lux	illumination /lux	illumination/lux	evenness	brightness/cd/m ²
30	8	1326	539	1761	0.40648	114.0
60	8	1336	543	1786	0.40644	114.8

From the simulation results, the average luminance of the lamp power 30W is smaller, and has a better uniformity.

Conclusion

The paper, through the establishment of the tunnel simulation model and simulation study on different lighting arrangements, the installation height, mounting angle and combination of different power and space, concluded that:

(1) When the tunnel lighting uses midline lighting arrangement, the tunnel illumination uniformity significantly higher than that with the bilateral symmetry midline lighting arrangement and bilateral staggered midline lighting arrangement, and bilaterally symmetrical midline lighting arrangement is slightly higher than bilaterally staggered lighting arrangement; When the tunnel is a relatively simple model and high, the tunnel road illumination in bilateral symmetry lighting arrangement and bilateral staggered lighting arrangement is higher than that in midline lighting arrangement, however, when the tunnel lighting arrangement is more complex model and low, the road illumination of midline lighting arrangement is significantly higher than the other two lighting arrangements. Therefore, the choice of lighting arrangement, should consider the basic situation of the tunnel, including the length, width and the brightness standards of the lighting segment ; in the actual project, should also consider maintenance, aesthetics, strobe and induction other issues, then select the appropriate lighting arrangement.

(2) The lower the lighting installation height is, the greater the tunnel road illumination; when the

tunnel model lighting arrangement is simple and high, with the lighting installation height decreases, the road illumination uniformity increased, Illumination uniformity and installation height is U-shaped distributing, the best position is between 5m and 6.5m, but when the tunnel lighting arrangement is a more complex model and low, the height is less, changes in illumination uniformity occurs in a smaller area, considering the height of the vehicle itself, it can be designed according to the actual projects, to make the lamp play a better performance.

(3) The smaller the angle of the lighting installation, the greater the road illumination, and illumination uniformity substantially increasing. Taking into account the impact of mounting height and the driver's vision, should try to make the installation angle of the lamp fixture that can be adjusted to direct the side of the road center line and the middle lane road.

(4) In the case of tunnel lighting power is equal, if the power is small and space is big, road illumination becomes smaller, but uniformity is better. It can be selected according to the actual needs of the project.

(5) From the overall data of the two tunnels model simulation analysis, the more of the kinds of light, the worse of the uniformity is. Therefore, in the case of conformity with standard tunnel illumination, tunnel lighting design should be tried to avoid a variety of lamps, chosen combination should be simple and easy to install, and as beautiful as possible.

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