

Parameter Driven Modeling of Planar Double-enveloping Toroid Worm Pair

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Abstract. The parameters calculation, meshing surface and 3 D models construction of planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair are efforts consuming because of complexity of the envelope motion. A parameter driven modeling method of this worm pair has been proposed, the parameters calculation, meshing surface and 3D models construction of the worm pair are connected with basic parameters applied embedded method, all of the parameters, meshing surface and 3 D models could be obtained driven by the basic parameters, in addition, the parameter driven modeling system is developed applied MATLAB. The experiment results indicate that rapid parameter driven modeling could be achieved of any planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair according to the proposed modeling method and parameter driven modeling system, including parameters calculation, surface presentation and models construction.

Introduction

Due to the singularity of the enveloping movement and flexibility of envelope trajectory, planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair has the characteristics of double contact lines, multi-meshing teeth at the same time, as a result, this kind of worm pair has the advantages of compact transmission, strong carrying capacity, long life and so on[1-2], they are widely applied in navigation, aviation, energy, industry, and other related areas. However, the parameters calculation, surface representation and accurate 3D modeling are very complicated because of complexity of the envelope motion. In addition, this kind worm pair have wide range of center distance and transmission ratio, so parameters calculation and model construction are usually low efficiency, poor precision and high professional requirements.

The mathematical study was conducted of planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair, the original parameters of tooth surface for this worm pair are obtained, and the entity model built methods applied 3D modeling software was discussed[3-4]. The 3D entity model was built of this worm pair using 3D modelling software, and virtual manufacturing study was also conducted on this basis the models[5]. The tooth surface of planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair are non developable surface, so the 3D modelling software couldn't obtain high accuracy model, the model and manufacturing precision still need to improve.

Parameters optimization design was carried out for planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair considering lubrication effect, and relevant software interface was developed using VB[6-7]. But it can't obtain all contact lines and 3D model for this worm pair according to the developed software interface.

Aims at improving calculation accuracy and modeling precision as well as efficiency, a parameter driven modeling method for planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair is proposed in this paper.

Parameter Driven Modeling Method

Different from ordinary worm drive, the tooth surface of planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair is enveloped by the envelope motion, their surface is non developable surface as well as complicate surface, and the calculation parameters are various, as a result, the parameters calculation and model construction are efforts consuming. On the other hand, the parameters calculation and model construction could obtained according to center distance, transmission ratio and threads of the worm, this provides the foundation and feasibility for parameter driven modeling for this worm pair.

The conception of parameter driven modeling method is connect parameters calculation and modeling with center distance, transmission ratio and threads of the worm, so as to simplify parameters calculation and modeling process as well as improve design efficiency and accuracy.

Parameter Driven Model

The mathematical system of planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair is constructed as below:

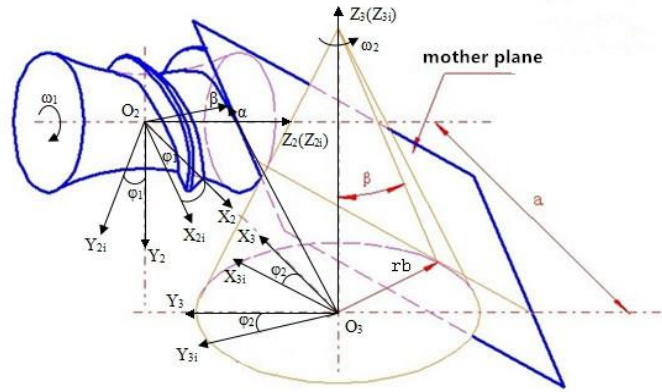


Fig.1 The mathematical modeling system for the worm pair

The mathematical model of the worm surface is represent as follows[8]:

$$\begin{cases} \vec{n} * \vec{v}_{12} = 0 \\ \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sin \beta_0 & -\cos \beta_0 \\ 0 & \cos \beta_0 & \sin \beta_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_2 & -\sin \varphi_2 & 0 \\ \sin \varphi_2 & \cos \varphi_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -a \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \\ \quad * \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_1 & -\sin \varphi_1 & 0 \\ \sin \varphi_1 & \cos \varphi_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

The mathematical model of the worm wheel surface is represent as follows[8]:

$$\begin{cases}
 \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sin \beta_0 & -\cos \beta_0 \\ 0 & \cos \beta_0 & \sin \beta_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_2 & -\sin \varphi_2 & 0 \\ \sin \varphi_2 & \cos \varphi_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -a \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \\
 \quad * \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_1 & -\sin \varphi_1 & 0 \\ \sin \varphi_1 & \cos \varphi_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_2' & \sin \varphi_2' & 0 \\ -\sin \varphi_2' & \cos \varphi_2' & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \\
 \quad * \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi_1' & \sin \varphi_1' & 0 \\ -\sin \varphi_1' & \cos \varphi_1' & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Where, a represent center distance, φ represent envelope angle, β_0 represent tilt angle, $[u, v, 0]^T$ indicates a vector that represents the mother plane surface, $[x_2, y_2, z_2]^T$ indicates a vector that represents the worm wheel surface, $[x_1, y_1, z_1]^T$ indicates a vector that represents the worm surface, n states the normal vector in mother plane, v_{12} states the relative velocity vector of the mother plane and the work-piece.

Parameter Driven Modeling System

The parameter driven modeling system is developed by MATLAB in this section, and the develop flowchat is given as below(Fig.2):

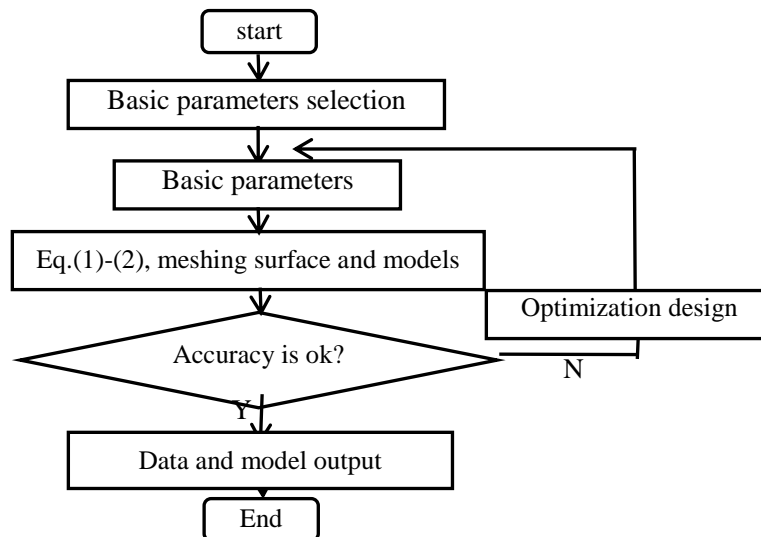


Fig.2 The flowchart of parameter driven modeling system

The developed parameter driven modeling interface is show as Fig.3.

Parameter Driven Modeling Experiment

To validate the parameter driven modeling method, a planar double-enveloping toroid worm pair modeling example are carried out in this section. The basic parameters are list in Tab.1.

Tab.1 The basic parameters of the worm pair

Item	Symbol/unit	Value
Center distance	a/mm	140
Number of the threads of the worm having right-handed helix	z_1	1
The transmission ratio	i_{12}	40

The geometry and modeling parameters, worm surface and model, wheel surface and model are obtained rapidly according to the developed modeling system(Fig.3 to Fig.5).



Fig.3 The parameter driven modeling system

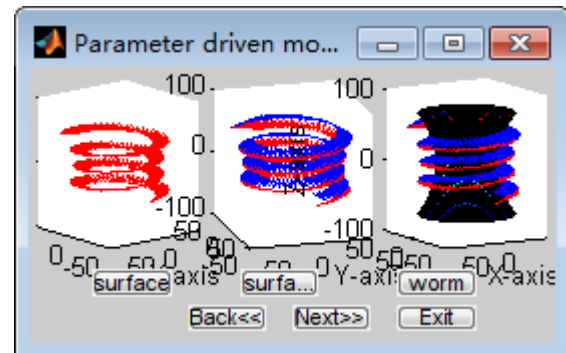


Fig.4 The surface and model of the worm

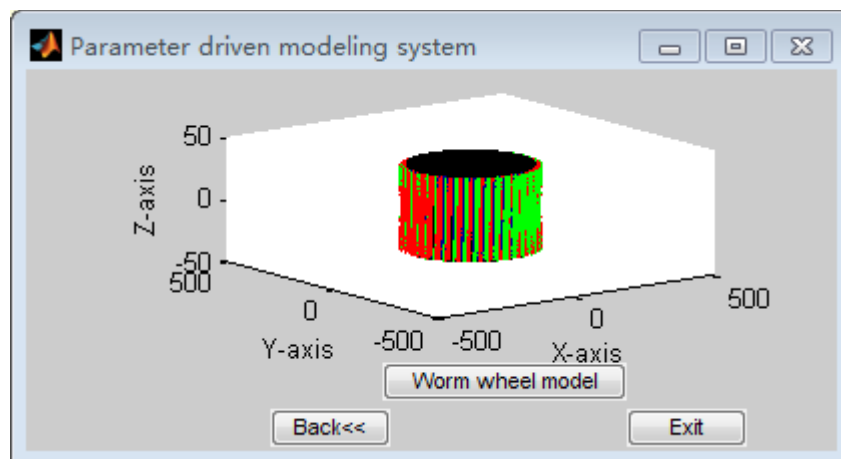


Fig.5 The model of the worm wheel

Conclusion

A parameter driven modeling method is proposed, in this method the parameters calculation and surface modeling are driven by the basic parameters of the worm. The parameter driven modeling system is developed applied MATLAB, the complex mathematical modeling operation is embedded in the related callback function, all of parameters calculation, meshing surface and 3D models are could obtained driven by the basic parameters for any size worm pair. The complex mathematical operations is simplified as well as the modeling efficiency and accuracy are also improved, this method has application and popularization significance.

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