

Experimental study on bearing characteristic of Passive pile under soil lateral settlement

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Abstract. In order to study the effect of lateral soil movement on the bearing behavior of the pipe pile, the six pipe piles under different lateral soil movement and different lateral movement position have been tested in lab. The displacement of pile top for the lateral displacement of the soil, the soil pressure around the pile and the settlement of the pile during the vertical loading are measured. The results show that the soil around pile is mainly compacted or plastic flow around piles in the process of soil lateral migration. The effect of the lateral displacement of the soil is the most significant on the position of 2 times pile diameter. The vertical bearing capacity of the pipe pile can be increased by effect of soil compaction, and the pile settlement can be decreased by the plastic flow around the pile. Due to the lateral displacement of the soil, and the proportion of the load is increased by the tension in the middle of the pile.

Introduction

For the reason of high bearing capacity, low cost, high quality piling, et al. pipe pile has been widely applied in soft ground engineering. However, the lateral settlement for load on the ground, tunnel excavation and piling, the pile bears lateral positive load which has been entitled positive pile by De Beer [1]. There are many analysis methods for passive pile-soil interaction, such as experience method, displacement method and soil pressure method [2, 3]. The bearing characteristic of pile foundation for lateral displacement of soil had been studied by Franx [4]. By model test, large passive soil pressure which leads to instability of pile has been founded by Franx. Soil arching effect has been founded and validated by K. Terzaghi [5]. Moreover, simplified calculation model for bearing capacity of passive pile has been developed by Yan Reng-jue and Li Zhong-cheng [6]. In this paper, to reveal relationship of lateral displacement of soil and vertical bearing capacity of pile, a model test had been conducted by changing lateral displacement of soil and load position.

Summary of model test

Test equipment. The test made in a foundation pit of 6.0m×3.0m×4.0m includes six pipe piles. The internal diameter is 400mm and external diameter is 700mm. The settlement of soil and load position is shown as Fig. 1. Moreover, soil pressure beside pile is measured by soil pressure cell. The lateral displacement of soil and settlement can be achieved by dial gauges, as shown in figure 1.

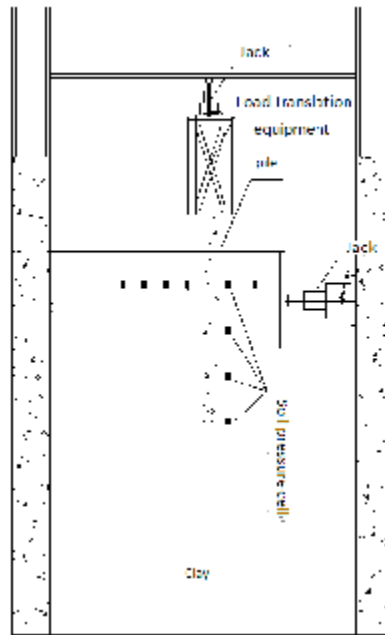


Fig 1 Test equipment

Soil Preparation.The soil of test is clay gotten from an excavation of zhuzhou city.It is air-dried and sized.It is filled in layers to foundation and is maintained two monthed at least .The water content is 22.3%,cohesion is 16.8kPa ,the internal friction angle is 19.8°and density is 1.90g/cm³.

Tab.1 Settlement of soil and load position

Num of pile	1#	2#	3#	4#	5#	6#
Lateral displacement of soil	0	0.5d	1d	1.5d	1d	1d
Load position	/	6d		4d		8d

Analyzing Results of Experiment

The analysis of soil lateral displacement and pile top settlement.The curve is shown as Fig.2.According to Fig.2,it can be found that pile will raise when there is soil lateral displacement.The uplift volume of pile top will decrease with the improvement of pile centre distance.It can also be found that the pile will sink with the improvement continually.The maximum uplift volumes are 4.5cm,5.0cm,3.0cm respectively to pile 5#,3# and 6#.

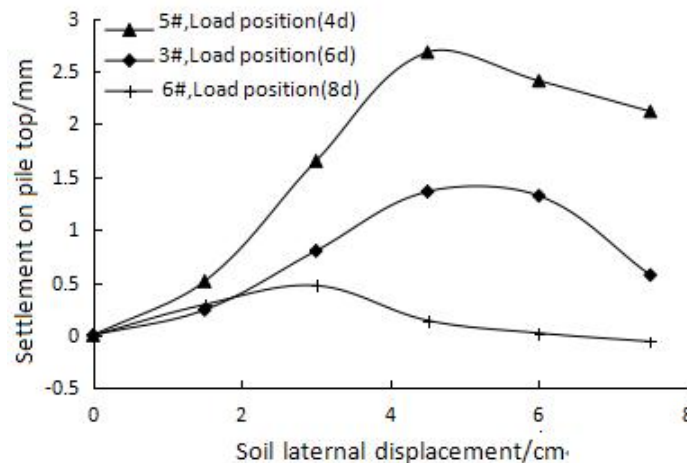


Fig 2 curve of soil lateral displacement and pile top settlement

Soil lateral displacement and pressure. The curve is shown as Fig.3.According to Fig.3,it can be found that there is a obvious turning point and the soil pressure closes to zero

on the bottom of pile. Moreover, the soil pressure before pile increases with the improvement of lateral displacement on the position of 0.6

times pile diameter. However, when the lateral displacement increases continually, the soil pressure will not change obviously.

The soil pressure curve is shown as Fig.4. According to Fig.4, soil pressure increases firstly and then decrease with the improvement of soil lateral displacement on the position 4d. Moreover, it can be seen that the increment speeds of soil pressure have obvious different for distance between measure point to pile centre.

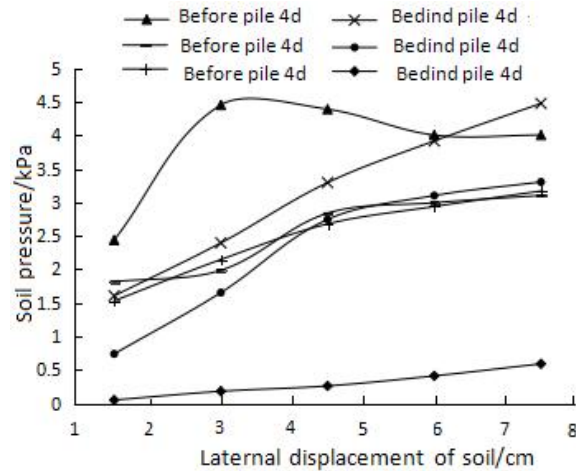
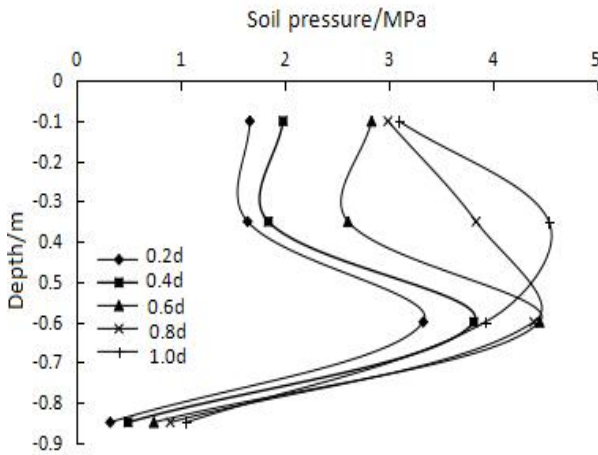
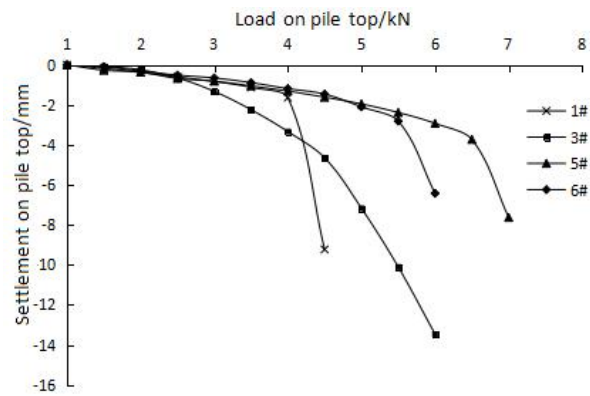
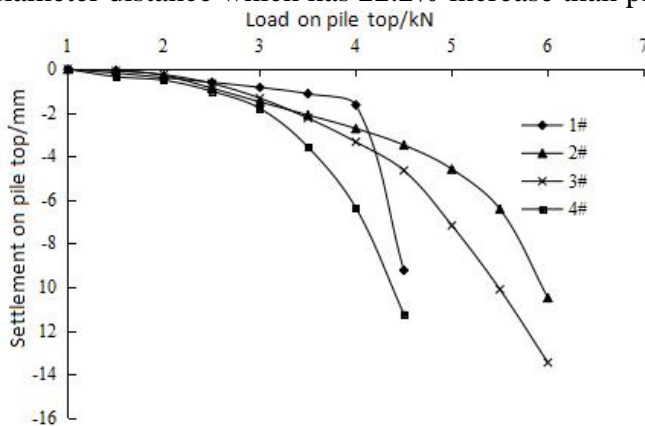


Fig.3 Curve of soil pressure before pile Fig.4 curve of soil pressure on side of pile

Relationship of load-settlement. The curve is shown as Fig.5(a). According to fig.5(a), it can be found that load-settlement curve of pile 1# has a obvious turning point. However, the curve of other piles have not obvious turning point for the reason of soil lateral displacement. The vertical settlement of pile without lateral soil displacement is lower than pile with lateral soil displacement. The vertical settlements are 1.64mm, 2.72mm, 3.34mm and 6.37mm to pile 1#, 2#, 3#, 4# respectively when the vertical load is 4kN. The settlements improve 65.9%, 102.4% and 288.4% respectively comparing with pile 1#. Moreover, according to technical code for building pile foundations (JGJ94-2008) of china, the ultimate bearing capacities are 4.68kN, 4.05kN, 3.86kN respectively to pile 2#, 3# and 4#. According to fig.5(b), the ultimate bearing capacity of pile 5# is 6.5kN and the vertical settlement is 3.73mm on the position of 4 times pile diameter distance. Moreover, the ultimate bearing capacity of pile 6# is 5.5kN on the position of 8 times pile diameter distance which has 22.2% increase than pile 1#.



(a) (b)
Fig.5 Load - Settlement Curve on Pile Top

Summary

(1) Soil lateral displacement can normally lead to soil and pile raise and sink. The soil around pile is mainly compacted or plastic flow around piles in the process of soil lateral migration. Furthermore, soil lateral displacement will affect the bearing capacity of pile.

(2) The effect of the soil lateral displacement is the most significant on the position of 2 times pile diameter. The vertical bearing capacity of the pile can be increased by effect of soil compaction, and the pile settlement can be decreased by the plastic flow around the pile.

(3) Relationship of load-settlement will be affected by soil lateral displacement, the load position and distance have also effect on the bearing characteristic of passive pile.

Acknowledgements

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