non-military Internet sites in the United States. In the cyber-warfare, Serbian supporters also used e-mail to warn of NATO strikes and to send messages of support.

The US military has acknowledged that NATO's air war against Serbia included "limited" computer warfare. The Unites States used computer attacks on Yugoslav President Milosevic's and other Serbian leaders' foreign bank accounts.

During the 1990-1991 Gulf War, hackers in the Netherlands reportedly offered to help Iraq by penetrating and attacking coalition information networks, but Iraq rejected the offer.

REFERENCES

[1] Harry D. Raduege, Succeeding in a cyber world, 14th Annual New York State, Cyber Security Conference. Deloitte Center of Cyber Innovation, 2011

[2] Amber Corrin,"Some key events in the history of cyber warfare", 2009 Available at http://fcw.com/articles/2009/10/19/feat-dod-cyber-timeline.aspx

[3] Jeffrey Carr, Inside Cyber Warfare 2nd edition, O'Reilly Media, Inc, Sebastopol, CA, 2011

[4] Gerald R. Ferrera et al, Cyber law: Text and Cases. Thomson Learning Cincinnati,OH, 2001

[5] Halder, D. & Jaishankar, K, Cyber crime and the Victimization of Women: Laws, Rights, and Regulations. Hershey, PA, 2011

[6] Frank E.Hagen, Introduction to Criminology: Theories, Methods and Criminal Behavior. Nelson-Hall Publishers, Chicago, 1998

[7] Fred Adler et al, Criminology, 4th edition. McGrawHill, New York, 2001

[8] Alberto R. Gonzales et al, Investigations Involving the Internet and Computer Networks, US Department of Justice, Washington, DC, 2007

[9] Clint P. Garrison, Digital Forensic for Network, Internet and Cloud Computing: A Forensic Evidence Gude for Moving Targets and Data, Elsevier Inc., Burlington, MA, 2010

[10] Kenneth Geers, Cyberspace and the changing Nature of Warfare, Tallinn, Estonia

[11] Wikipedia, Available at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Laws_of_war

[12] Bamodu, Oluleke, Benson Otafu, & Liwei Tian., Secure Web Based System Development, Advances in Intelligent Systems Research, 2013